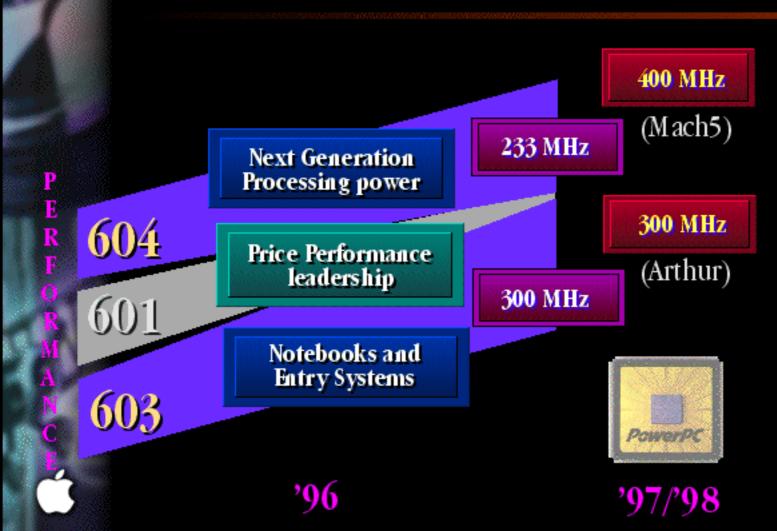




One Year Later

- Shipping Hardware: Apple, DayStar, Power Computing, UMAX
- MP apps last year: Adobe, Deneba, Electric Image, Metrowerks, MetaTools, Strata and Specular
- New app support for Apple MP API: Lightworks, Orphan Technologies, Be Inc., Pixel, Terran Interactive, Vertigo, NewTek

1997 PowerPC Directions





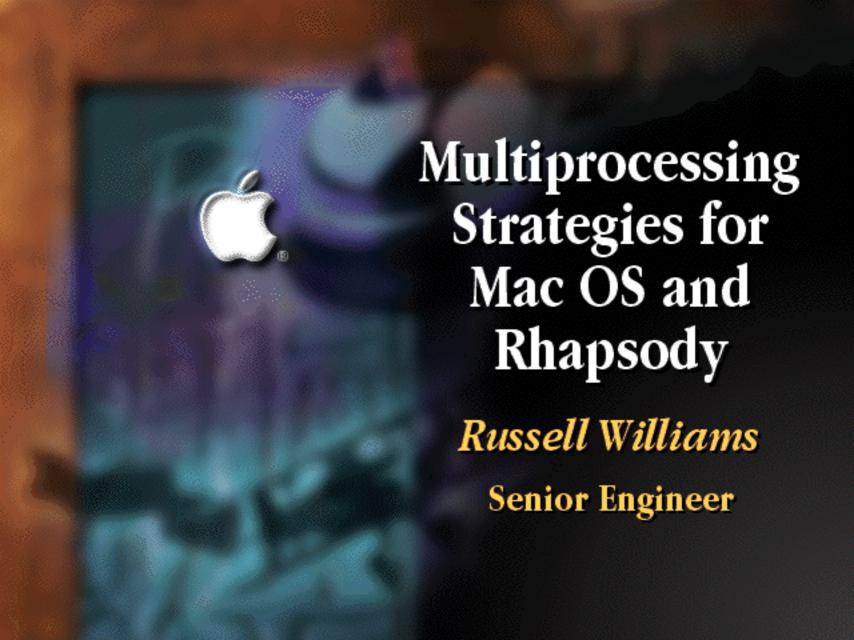
MP Goals

- System 7
 - Continued support for the Apple MP API
- Rhapsody
 - Achieve SMP



How to Get More Information

 Apple HW Evangelist—David Masamitsu [mpevangelism@apple.com]





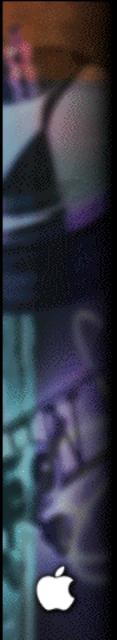
Still a Major Direction

- Parallelism at all levels: instruction, data, thread
- Threading especially relevant to 3D and multimedia
- MP: Proven safe and effective
- Coming to your customers' desktops
 - Processors will be free:
 - By 2000, ~100M transistors / chip
 - Today, 603e core is ~.6M transistors



One Model, One API, Two Implementations

- Asymmetric in Mac OS
- Symmetric in Rhapsody
- Runs on all Power Macintoshes, both UP and MP
- Compute-intensive threads in Mac OS
- Native Rhapsody apps get more powerful models



The Model

- Hardware is symmetric
 - CPUs are the same
 - Caches are coherent
- Memory is shared between threads
- Coarse-grained, compute-only threads
- MP tasks scheduled preemptively on each CPU
- No direct toolbox or OS calls
- Main thread must poll in event loop



The API

- 20 calls—two new ones since last year
- 2 concepts:
 - Tasks / threads (nomenclature clash)
 - Synchronization / communication
- MPRPC allows callback to main thread
- Supported in Mac OS, Rhapsody Blue Box



Tasks / Threads

- Scheduled preemptively on all processors
- Scheduling algorithms not specified
- On Rhapsody:
 MPTask == NSThread ==
 Java thread == cthread == Mach thread



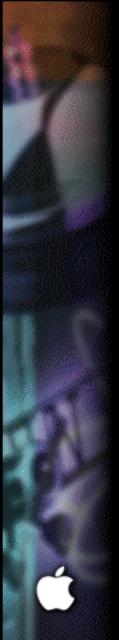
Synchronization

- Never synchronize via scheduling (no safety in WaitNextEvent)
- Only single aligned scalar stores are inherently atomic
- Synchronization facilities:
 - Atomic operations (lockless)
 - Semaphores
 - Critical regions
 - Primitive messages



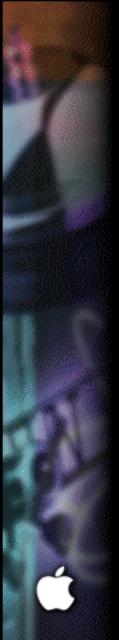
Mac OS Implementation

- Asymmetric OS, symmetric API
- VM not supported except on UP
- Limited preemption on main cpu
- Debugging via Mac OS-only routines and MW debugger
- Prerelease MP-safe stdclib on ETO #23



Rhapsody Implementation

- MP tasks become Mach threads
- SMP: any task or thread runs on any CPU
- Debugging via standard tools
- Mac OS—only debugging calls not supported



How to Use the MP API

- Create queues and synchronization objects
- Create MPProcessors()-1 tasks
- Communicate with the tasks
- Terminate the tasks



Thread Creation Example

```
err = CreateQueue(&requestQueue);
err = CreateQueue(&replyQueue);
for (i=0;i<MPProcessors()-1;i++)
  err = MPCreateTask(&MyTask,
    taskParam[i],
    kMPUseDefaultStackSize,
    replyQueue, nil, nil,
    kMPNormalTaskOptions,
    &taskID[i]);
```



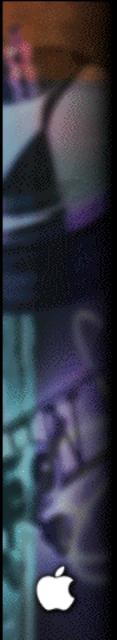
Messaging Example

- Sender:
 - status = MPNotifyQueue(requestQueue,
 p1, p2, p3);
- Receiver:
 - status = MPWaitOnQueue(requestQueue, &p1, &p2, &p3, kDurationForever);



Using the Toolbox from an MP Task

- MPTaskIsToolboxSafe returns true if toolbox calls are OK
- MPRPC blocks until main thread calls WaitNextEvent
- At each WNE call, main thread empties MPRPC work queue
- •void *MyToolboxUsingFunc(
 void *param);
- result = MPRPC(MyToolboxUsingFunc, param);



More Stuff in Native Rhapsody

- NSThread class supports OO thread model in Yellow Box
- NSThreads can call: stdclib subset, system calls, Foundation Kit, DPS, AppleEvents
- NSThreads cannot call App Kit
- cthreads can call stdclib subset, system calls, DPS
- Driver Kit drivers are MP-safe
- Java threads of course



MP Task Tips

• Correctness:

- No 68K code
- No preemption on main cpu when QuickTime is running (Mac OS)
- No Mac OS toolbox calls (beware callbacks)

Performance:

- Substantial
- Memory bandwidth
- Avoid contention for globals
- Watch out for lock contention

