





Session Overview

- W*API Essentials
 - A quick look at what it is and how it works
- W*API Applications
 - What's it good for?
- Inside a plug-in
 - What makes it tick?
- W*API Resources
 - How to get started yourself



W*API Essentials

What is W*API?

- High performance extensions to the WebSTAR family of servers
- Same interface is supported by most popular Mac Web servers
 - Apple, Microsoft, Tenon, Sonic Systems, Quid Pro Quo, etc.
- Cross-platform support for ISAPI compatible servers
- Easy way to build custom Web applications



Plug-in Parts

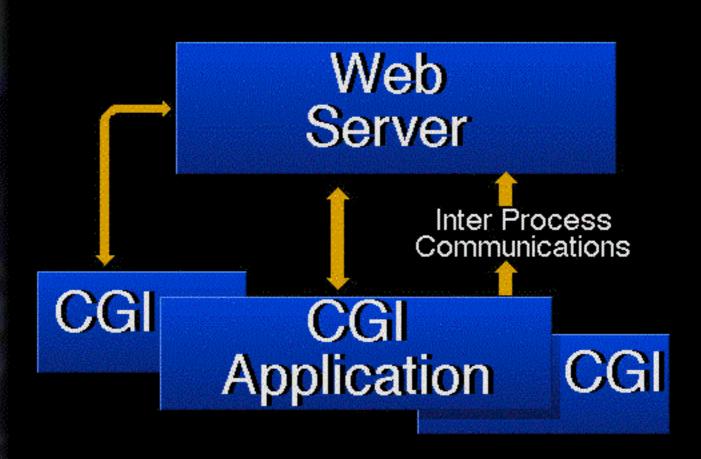
Web Server

Server-Specific W*API Glue

Runtime Interface

W*API Plug-in Code Compile Time Interface







Plug-in Model

Web Server

Plug-in

Plug-in

Plug-in

Dynamic Linking



Features and Advantages

- Replacement for CGI applications
- Faster and simpler than stand-alone apps
- Superset of other APIs
- Rich set of services



Interface to Web Servers

- Uses Code Fragment Manager (or Code Resources)
- Supports callbacks to server
- All CGI functions plus extra plug-in features
- Shared global space, no AppleEvent overhead
- Access to private resources



How Is W*API Cross-Platform?

- "Glue" layers link plug-in to multiple servers
- Many ANSI-compatible plug-ins only require relinking
- Support for ISAPI and NSAPI glue



WebSTAR Server

Code Fragment Manager

W*API Glue

W*API Plug-in Code Runtime Interface

W*API

Compile Time Interface





ISAPI Server Interface

Microsoft Server

DLL

ISAPI

ISAPI Glue

W*API

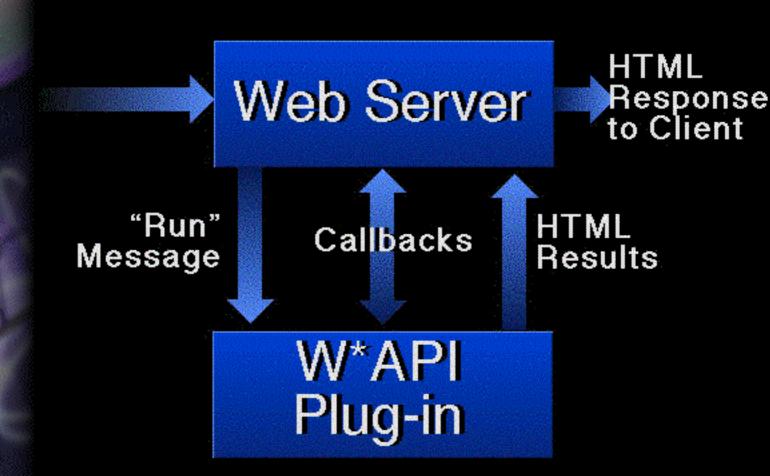
W*API Plug-in Code Compile Time Interface



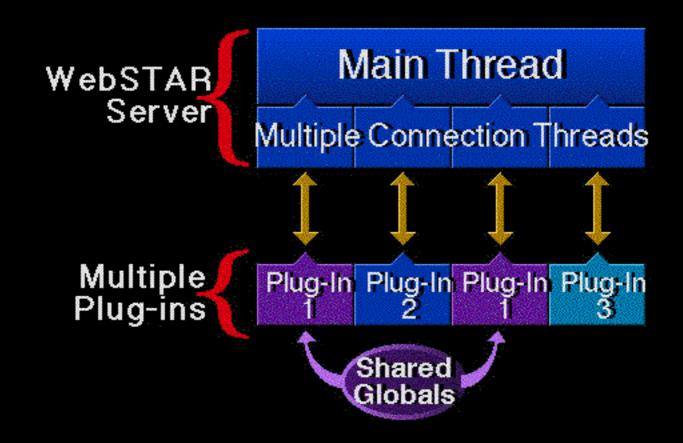
How Does W*API Work?

- Think of plug-ins as "snap-in" subroutines for the server
- Each plug-in receives messages through its main entry point
- The plug-in makes callbacks to perform its basic functions

Calling a Plug-in









Server Threads and Roles

- Main
 - Register, Init, Emergency, State Changed, Shutdown messages
- Idle
 - Idle messages
- Connection
 - Run messages (multiple roles)
 - CGI, Pre-/Postprocessor, Error, Index, No Access
- Filter and Access Control



W*API Parameter Block

```
typedef union {
  WSAPI InitPB init;
   WSAPI ShutdownPB shutdown;
   WSAPI IdlePB idle;
   WSAPI RunPB run;
   WSAPI EmergencyPB emergency;
   WSAPI StateChangedPB stateChanged;
   WSAPI AccessControlPB accessControl;
   WSAPI FilterPB filter;
} WSAPI PB Union;
typedef struct {
   long api version;
   void *api_data; //private data
   WSAPI Command command;
  WSAPI PB Union param;
} WSAPI CommandPB, *WSAPI CommandPBPtr;
```



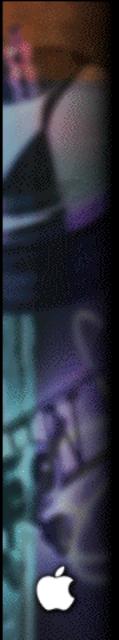
W*API Services

- Memory Management
 - Pointer and handle allocation and deallocation
- Getting and setting server parameters
 - Parameter management, descriptor management, server settings
- Initialization and registration
 - Registering actions and suffixes



W*API Services

- Security and process management
 - Validating user access, yielding time, requesting idle time
- HTTP Communications
 - Send, receive, and status of HTTP client connections
- Generic TCP/IP
 - Open, close, read, write, status for generic TCP/IP connections



W*API Services

- Interprocess Communications
 - Send and receive custom AppleEvents
- Logging and messaging
 - Status messages and custom log entries



New W*API 1.2 Features

- Listening for incoming connections
 - Any TCP/IP based server protocol can now be implemented as a W*API plug-in
- Plug-in owned windows
 - Plug-ins can communicate directly with users
 - All normal UI events are passed to plug-ins when appropriate



W*API Applications

- Usual CGI replacements
- Interactive, multi-user applications
- Alternate protocol implementations
- Personal server agents
 - Universal In Box





W*API Resources

- Freely available from StarNine
- W*API 1.2 will be a MIDAS standard
- SDK on-line at ftp.starnine.com
- www.biap.com has most current W*API info
 - http://www.biap.com/datapig/wsapi/
- The Webstar—dev mailing list
 - http://www.starnine.com/support/mailinglists/

